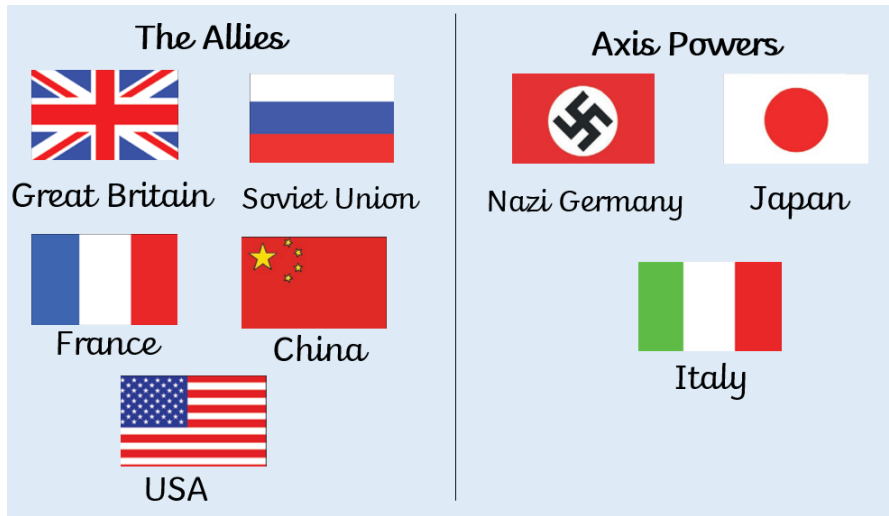
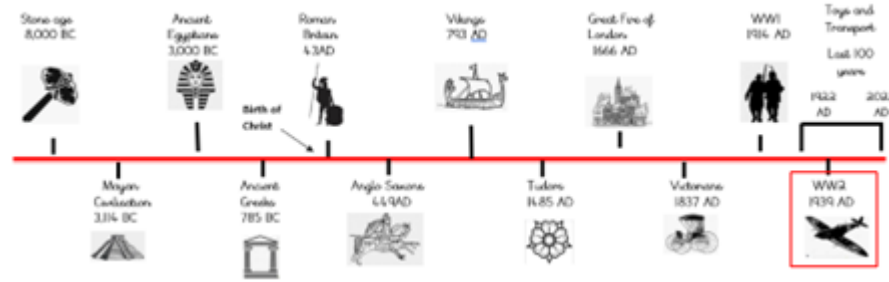


# Why is it so important to remember the past?

## Vocabulary

<b>Nazi</b>	A member of the political group led by Adolf Hitler that ruled Germany from 1933 to 1945.
<b>Allies</b>	The group of countries fighting against Germany during WWII.
<b>Axis</b>	The group of countries led by Germany in WWII.
<b>Luftwaffe</b>	The German air force during WWII.
<b>Holocaust</b>	The murder of millions of people (mainly Jews) by the Nazis. Nazi's built concentration camps to prevent certain demographics from being part of the war.
<b>Genocide</b>	Trying to murder a whole group of people.



## Contributing factors to WWII

<b>1918</b>	Germany lost WWI.
<b>1929</b>	The 'Great Depression'.
<b>1933</b>	Hitler became chancellor.
<b>1939</b>	Hitler invaded Poland.



**Propaganda**  
Propaganda was used by the British and German governments to influence the general public.

People collect **war memorabilia** (including medals) because they have historical significance or sentimental value.

## Sticky Knowledge

On **September 1<sup>st</sup> 1939**, Hitler invaded **Poland**. 2 days later, **France** and **Britain** declared war on Germany, beginning WWII.

The **Battle of Britain** was a major air campaign fought between RAF (Britain) and the Luftwaffe (Germany).

The **Blitz** happened from September 1940 to May 1941. It was a sustained bombing campaign carried out on British cities, towns and ports to destroy factories and prevent trade leaving the UK.

**Evacuation** was the movement of women, infants and children from cities to the countryside to keep them safe from bombing.

The **'home front'** describes activities of British people at home during the war: Air Raid wardens, growing vegetables and making gas masks and weaponry.

Traditional **women's roles** were revolutionised during the war because they were needed to complete jobs that men would have done if it wasn't for the war.

**Nottingham Blitz** was in 1941 and Rolls Royce were targeted. Nottingham was the first city to develop **ARP** (air raid precautions), reducing damage to the city.

Germany surrendered in **May 1945**.

WWII had a **national impact**: NHS, rationing, homelessness and poor health.